Response Dated December 31, 2009

Response to Office Action of December 1, 2009

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a cutting filament for a plant cutting apparatus such as a grass trimmer or edge trimmer, the filament being made of a synthetic material having elongated molecular chains, comprising the following steps:
 - (a) bringing the filament to a state of controlled viscosity,
 - (b) drawing the filament lengthwise to produce a first longitudinal molecular orientation,
 - (c) imposing on the filament a change of cross section eapable of so as to partially reorienting reorient the molecular chains in a transverse direction.
 - 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, comprising a step consisting in:
 - (d) imposing on the filament a second change of cross section capable of causing so as to cause a second partial reorientation of the molecular chains in a transverse direction.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the second change of cross section is made in a general direction substantially identical to that of the first change of cross section.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the second change of cross section is made in a general direction substantially orthogonal to that of the first change of cross section.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the second change of cross section is made partially in a general direction substantially identical to that of the first change of cross section and partially in a general direction substantially orthogonal to that of the first change of cross section.

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- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the filament has, before the implementation of step (c), a uniform cross section whose dimensions in two orthogonal directions are similar.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the step (c) comprises a flattening of the filament.
 - 8. (Cancelled)
 - 9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the change of cross section, or at least the last change of cross section, of the filament is capable of forming forms a filament comprising a body and at least one wing protruding from the body.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the change of cross section of the filament, or at least one of the changes of cross section, comprises forcing the filament through a series of dies of progressively different sections.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the change of cross section of the filament, or at least one of the changes of cross section, comprises forcing the filament through a single die of variable section.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, comprising also a step of cutting the filament whose section has been changed into a plurality of individual subfilaments in the longitudinal direction of the filament.

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14. (Original) A cutting filament for a plant cutting apparatus such as a grass trimmer or edge trimmer, the filament being made of a synthetic material with elongated molecular chains such as a polyamide, wherein, in at least one zone of the cross section of the filament, the orientation of the molecular chains diverges from a longitudinal orientation.

- 15. (Original) The cutting filament of claim 14, comprising a body and at least one wing protruding from the body, and in that said wing forms a zone in which the orientation of the molecular chains diverges from a longitudinal orientation.
- 16. (Original) The filament of claim 15, wherein the wing has a generally triangular cross section.
- 17. (Original) The cutting filament of claim 15, wherein, in the body of the filament, the molecular chains are oriented essentially in the longitudinal direction of the filament.
- 18. (Original) The cutting filament of claim 14, wherein, over most of its cross section, there are molecular chains oriented longitudinally and molecular chains oriented generally in a given transverse direction.
- 19. (Original) The cutting filament of claim 14, wherein, over most of its cross section, there are molecular chains oriented longitudinally, molecular chains oriented generally in a first given transverse direction and molecular chains oriented generally in a second given transverse direction.
- 20. (Original) The filament of claim 19, wherein the first and second transverse directions are essentially orthogonal to one another.

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- 21. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a cutting filament for a plant cutting apparatus such as a grass trimmer or edge trimmer, the filament being made of a synthetic material having elongated molecular chains, comprising the following steps:
 - (a) bringing the filament to a state of controlled viscosity,
 - (b) drawing the filament lengthwise to produce a first longitudinal molecular orientation, the filament having a uniform cross section whose dimensions in two orthogonal directions are similar.
 - (c) imposing on the filament a change of cross section eapable of so as to partially reorienting reorient the molecular chains in a transverse direction, with a flattening of the filament,
 - (d) imposing on the filament a second change of cross section capable of causing so as to cause a second partial reorientation of the molecular chains in a transverse direction, with at least local flattening of the filament.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the step (c) comprises a localized flattening and a localized thickening of the filament.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein the change of cross section, or at least the last change of cross section, of the filament is capable of forming forms a filament comprising a body and at least one wing protruding from the body.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the change of cross section of the filament, or at least one of the changes of cross section, comprises forcing the filament through a series of dies of progressively different sections.

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25. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the change of cross section of the filament, or at least one of the changes of cross section, comprises forcing the filament through a single die of variable section.

26. (Original) The method of claim 21, comprising a step of cutting the filament whose section has been changed into a plurality of individual subfilaments in the longitudinal direction of the filament.